Hallo, das ist der Global News Podcast aus der BBC World Service

mit Rapporten und Analysen von across the world.

Die letzte News, 7 Tage pro Woche.

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Das 56 Sekunden, das Gold-Metall-Win,

habe ich für das Gefühl, für 30 Jahre

und ich habe es nie gefunden.

Ein Podcast über die Leute hinter den Metallen.

Auf dem Podium von der BBC World Service.

Finde es, wobei du deine BBC Podcasts bekommst.

Sie haben gesagt, dass sie nicht wieder spielen,

während Louis Rubiales die Nationalfederation ist.

Jenny Homo so hat das Verzweifelt,

dass der Kiss ergeben hat, dass der Finale konsensual war.

Hawaii hat die Names von ca. 400 Menschen veröffentlicht,

die seit dem Wildfire-Swepp Maui Island missen.

Und die Direktorin der Britschmusik steckt nachher,

nach ein paar Fests von ihrer Kollektion.

Auch in diesem Podcast,

der vorhin gelobte Polizist Mugshot von Donald Trump,

hat eine neue Lebenszeit von seinen Social-Media-Ausern

um die Welt gegeben.

Es ist einer von einem orange- und jungen Boxing-Glob,

der sehr effektiv für Mr. Trump steht,

der natürlich in der Mütterung war.

Aber er ist auch in grün und red gesehen,

und da ist er der Joker.

Spain's Wildcat-Winning-Football-Team

hat gesagt, sie werden nicht wieder spielen,

während Luis Rabiales

der Nationalfederation bleibt.

Er hat den Kiss auf den Lippen gedreht,

dass er den Spieler Jenny Homo so hat,

der Finale am Sonntag.

Er sagt, dass es konsensual ist,

dass es kategorisch falsch ist

und dass sie ein Verzweifelt haben.

Die spanische Regierung hat gegen Mr. Rubiales

ein legales Prozess begonnen,

um ihn auszuschauen.

Klassische Sponsoren,

auch in der Air-Line Iberia,

haben auch für die Aktion gezwungen.

Guy Hedgeko beruht von Madrid.

Nein, ich gehe von Madrid.

Nein, ich gehe von Madrid.

Nicht die Worte.

sondern das Tone eines kontrativen Bosses,

der seine Resignation erzielt hat.

Es wurde sehr beruht,

und Florian Homo, aus dem

while I'm going to tell you all something.

I'm not going to resign.

Mr Rubiales has been under fire all week.

Miss Hermoso herself had said the kiss was not welcome

and an array of public figures, including government ministers,

had said the Federation president should be punished for his actions.

The head of Spain's top La Liga division accused him of being arrogant and cocky and playing the victim.

World football's governing body, FIFA,

opened disciplinary proceedings against Mr Rubiales,

appearing to make his position untenable.

His actions have overshadowed the Spanish women's World Cup win,

but Mr Rubiales remains defiant,

although he did apologise for grabbing his crutch

when celebrating the team's victory,

as the gueen and her daughter sat a few feet away.

In a news conference, the government said it would be taking action

to force Mr Rubiales out of office

and describe this as Spanish football's me too moment.

There are also signs of a revolt against him among female and male players.

The striker Borja Iglesias has promised not to play for the national team

until the Federation boss is replaced.

In a country where people are often more tactile in social situations than northern Europeans,

the scale of the backlash suggests Mr Rubiales went way too far.

Guy Hedgeko.

The authorities in the U.S. state of Hawaii

have published the names of almost 400 people

who've been missing since wildfires swept the island of Maui

earlier this month.

They want any survivors on the list to come forward,

so the number of people unaccounted for can be reduced.

The appeal came from the Maui police chief, John Paletti.

If you're on this list, please contact the FBI number provided.

If you know the person is safe, please contact the FBI number provided or email unaccounted at mpd.net.

We need your help now and each and every day

because we're only going to get through this

if we're working together as one.

Teams are still searching the charred remains of the historic town of Lahaina and other areas.

115 people are known to have died.

I spoke to our correspondent, Gary O'Donoghue, in Washington

and asked him about the latest information released by the Hawaiian authorities.

So there's a list of 388 names.

The reason they've done this is because they originally talked about $% \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

perhaps 1100 people missing,

but that list they had then was incomplete.

Some of it was just first names, some of it was duplicates.

There was a lot of pressure on them to come up with something more definitive.

So this is a list with full names where they've had verification from people

who are still alive that these people are missing.

And they're hoping this is going to enable them to be a bit more accurate

about what they're looking for in terms of human remains in particular.

But they're also hoping it will mean some people can come forward

and say no, actually this person is still alive.

So to take down the number of total missing.

And the fires occurred over two weeks ago now.

Why has it taken so long to establish these numbers?

I think partly the response, which has been criticised,

the emergency response has been severely criticised anyway.

That's been part of the problem.

Apparently according to the police there's been some reluctance from people to give DNA samples that would allow them also to identify some of the remains they're finding.

And the clear up is still in Lahaina,

particularly the town that was really, I mean burnt to the ground,

that is still going on.

So the rescue teams are still working through that.

One of the biggest things I think is the reason it's taking some time.

And I mean to remember the scale of this,

this is the biggest wildfire in terms of casualties in more than 100 years in the US.

And this is an island that's, you know, hours off the coast of California.

Getting support there has been tricky, I think.

A lawsuit's been filed against a local power company.

What do we know about that?

Yeah, another lawsuit, this is not the first.

And it may not be the last because there's a class action going on.

The shareholders of Hawaiian Electric have also filed a lawsuit.

This one is from the local county saying that the company should have shut down the power grid when it received warnings that downed power lines could spark wildfires and they said they didn't do that.

The company rejects that and says this is far too soon for lawsuits

and that the inquiry should be allowed to carry on,

go through its course before any blame is attributed.

Gary O'Donoghue in Washington.

The Russian authorities say they have recovered ten bodies

and flight recorders from the site.

We have gained the precautions private plane crashed two days ago.

They added that tests will be carried out to identify the victims.

The plane crashed exactly two months after the Wagner paramilitary boss

led a short-lived rebellion.

The Kremlin has denied ordering Mr. Progosian's death,

describing such speculation as a complete lie.

Will Vernon reports from Moscow.

Two days after the plane crash, many Russians are convinced

that the Kremlin may have been involved.

A number of Western officials including US President Joe Biden

have also suggested that Russian authorities might be linked to the incident.

Today, President Putin's spokesman held one of his regular conference calls with Moscow-based journalists.

On the call, I asked Dmitry Peskov.

What was his reaction to these allegations?

It's all a complete lie.

Of course, when we talk about this issue, we should be guided only by facts.

We don't have many facts at the moment.

The facts need to be clarified during the official investigation,

which is being carried out now.

The Kremlin has been accused of a whole host of dirty tricks

in recent years, from poisonings and assassinations

to organising coups and committing war crimes.

Every time, the tactic is the same.

The Kremlin denies it all.

It was only a year and a half ago that accusations were levelled

at Vladimir Putin over a build-up of troops on the border with Ukraine.

Russia, it was said, was accused of the Kremlin.

What was the Kremlin's response to that? Not us.

Vladimir Putin's spokesman was also asked today

whether the Russian leader would consider

attending Yevgeny Prigoshin's funeral. It's too early to talk about this, said Mr. Peskov. But also, the president is very busy at the moment. It has taken Heineken nearly a year-and-a-half to exit Russia. The Brune giant promised it would leave shortly after the Kremlin launched its invasion of Ukraine last February. At the time, many Western companies said they would stop doing it because they didn't want to do it other firms have recently faced difficulties other firms have recently faced difficulties the Bruingroup Karlsburg and the French Joggetmaker Danone the Bruingroup Karlsburg and the French Joggetmaker Danone have had their assets seized by the state Heinrichen will now transfer seven breweries in Russia Heinrichen will now transfer seven breweries in Russia to Arnes Group, a local firm which makes Aerosol Kents to Arnes Group, a local firm which makes Aerosol Kents Arnes will also take on 1,800 Heinrichen stuff Arnes will also take on 1,800 Heinrichen stuff with their employment guaranteed for three years with their employment guaranteed for three years Denmark is proposing to ban the burning of holy books after a series of incidents involving the Koran which have led to anger and protests among Muslims the ban would also protect religious symbols like crucifixes

but only be applied to public places and to broadcasting such actions to a wider audience the Justice Minister Peter Hummelgard said the bill would continue to protect freedom of speech the government will therefore bring forward a bill that inhibits inappropriate treatment of objects that have important significance for a religious community the bill will not change how people can express themselves verbally or in writing regarding religious topics this means that for example satirical drawings will not be covered so there will be a very broad framework for freedom of expression Tim Frank said more from Richard Milne the Financial Times Nordic and Baltic correspondent who's in Oslo proposed banning the inappropriate treatment of objects with significant religious significance now this is as you mentioned really centered around the Koran but it's obviously broader than that would have taken the Torah and the Bible which have also been burned in Copenhagen in recent weeks but nothing like much as the Koran and it's really quite vague as you can hear so it's not exactly known just how far it will go and Denmark is a country with very proud free speech traditions so there's also a lot of worry as to what this might mean and might end up prosecuting right okay so lots of questions about sort of which religious texts and objects and sort of what counts as desecration as well I guess absolutely the minister said soiling the texts or trampling upon them and I think he said you know your fantasy is the limit and this causes concern because you see it in other countries as well that broad public order legislation can be used to stop quite a lot of demonstrations Denmark has a very proud tradition they've also faced pressure from the Muslim world before and similar questions of course are being asked in Sweden where there have been Koran burnings as well and Sweden there's the extra factor of wanting to overcome considerable Turkish opposition to its membership of NATO do you think this is likely to change the debate there?

The Swedish government is perhaps in a tighter bind

because the protection of free speech is even stronger there

the police in several cases this year have banned

the burning of the Koran

only for the courts to overturn those bans

and say that unless there's an immediate threat to public safety

they have to go ahead

so the government there is looking for something similar to this

but I think it's going to be tougher for them

Richard Milne, the Financial Times correspondent in Oslo

the director of the British Museum, Hartwig Fischer

is stepping down over the theft of artefacts from its collection

he had been due to leave next year

but says his continued presence will be a distraction

at a moment of utmost seriousness

Mr Fischer has also withdrawn remarks he made

about a Dutch dealer in antiquities, Itai Gradel

who said he had alerted the museum about potential wrongdoing

two years ago

here's our culture editor, Katie Razzel

only days ago, Hartwig Fischer was sticking to the line

that although Dr Itai Gradel had contacted the British Museum in 2021

flagging that thefts were taking place

an investigation by the museum had found nothing untoward

he even suggested that Dr Gradel had been less than candid with the museum

and had not revealed details of potentially stolen items in his possession

that would have aided the investigation

but emails shown first to the BBC earlier this week

between Dr Gradel and the museum directorate

make clear that Dr Gradel had raised the fact

that he may have inadvertently bought items online

which could have been part of the museum collection

he says in his efforts to let them know his fears

that items were being removed by a member of museum staff

he had always acted in good faith

he needed to go because he is ultimately responsible

for a cataclysmic disaster that has hit the British Museum

I'm not talking of the thefts

but of the utterly bungled, incompetent way

the management dealt with this

they failed to take my word seriously

they refused to listen

they never contacted me for any additional information or assistance

it is unbelievable what happened here

Dr Fisher has now apologised for his remarks about Dr Gradel

and has admitted that the museum did not respond as it should have

when he warned them of the potential scandal two years ago

it's believed more than 1500 items of gold jewellery

semi-pressures stone and glass

some of which date back to the 15th century BC

have been stolen, damaged or are missing from the collection

and that the issues date back several years

on Thursday British police announced that a man had been guestioned

in connection with the thefts

still to come

one of the best known chains of wine shops in France

recently ran an advertising campaign with the slogan

we don't just sell wine

they'd recently begun devoting a large part of their floor space

to beers

there's growing concern about the overproduction of French wine

as drinking habits change at home and abroad

ein Podcast macht kurz Pause

Hate Speech dagegen hört nicht so einfach auf

wer hat dir überhaupt erlaubt zu Reden schlampe

verzieh dich in die Küche

bevor ich herausfinde wo du wohnst und dir persönlich Danke sage

hör nicht auf die Hater

du machst einen richtig guten Job

und wir stehen alle hinter dir

wir alle entscheiden ob wir das Netz dem Hass überlassen

wer Detail der Telekom-Initiative gegen Hass im Netz

und setzt so ein Zeichen

Telekom

auf dem Podcast

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Das war eine der zwei größten Städte, die es umsetzten,

während dieser jahdischen Offensive, dieser neuen Offensive,

El Burr war von Aushebabs gehalten, seit 2017,

und es gab ein paar Fights in den Villagen, die es umsetzten.

Aber wir verstehen, dass es nicht ein tolles Teil des Fights war,

für die letzte Seizur der Städte,

und dass es möglich ist, dass die jahdischen Fights

eine neue Art von Fights in Aushebabs,

um mit lokalen Militären zu arbeiten,

die sehr investiert wurden, um die Aushebabs zu verteidigen.

Und der Somali-Präsident hat gesagt, dass es ein größter Offensive wird,

also ist das nur der Start?

Das ist der Start, wir wissen nicht, wie lange es geht,

aber er hat aber sicher auch einige ziemlich leichte Worte gemacht,

darüber zu sprechen, dass die Gruppe in ein paar Monaten verteidigt wird.

Er hat gesagt, fünf Monate.

Und es ist möglich, dass viele Towns und Villages

von Aushebabs von aus werden, aber das ist sehr unterschiedlich,

von dieser extremistischen jahdischen Gruppe,

die in der Somali-Sophie in den Tentacles

eine sehr befestigierte Intelligenz-Netwurke hat,

mit Spies, fast überall,

sogar direkt vor dem Kapital Mogadishu,

und die Institutionen in der Regierung zu penetrieren,

auch in der Sicherheitssektor.

Das macht es unglaublich schwierig für die Regierung und die Militärin,

um einen Schritt vor der Jihadis zu bleiben.

Und was es in den letzten Jahren gemacht hat,

ist, dass es in den Tentacles, wenn es große Offenzen gibt,

in den Tentacles zu verabschieden.

Und dann wieder in eine andere Form in verschiedenen Bereichen.

Und eine der Dinge, die in den Kontrollen ist,

in den Falle ihrer Power und Influenz in der Lande,

es hat ein Extortion-Racket, oder es nennt es ein Taxi,

wo die Unternehmen across the country,

und sogar across the region,

are forced to pay this tax or this money two-hour Shabbab.

So that's how it raises a lot of funds,

and people are so afraid of being punished or attacked by the group,

which has proved that it could still carry out bomb

and gun attacks against individual targets.

It is a very difficult group to take on,

and that's why there have been some people saying,

maybe a military solution isn't the answer.

Will Ross.

This week, Cambodia got its first new prime minister

for nearly 40 years.

The country has moved on significantly

since the terrible slaughter carried out

by the Khmer Rouge regime of the 1970s.

But most of its 17 million people

have only known one leader, Han Sen.

He has outsmarted, intimidated

and bought off his opponents to build a one-party, one-man rule.

And the person he's handing power to is his son.

Our Southeast Asia correspondent Jonathan Head reports

on how this remarkable political survivor

has shaped the country.

A military band welcomes Cambodia's king

for the state opening of parliament.

But both the monarch and the elected assembly

are a little more than ceremonial.

Real power lies with a pudgy, bespectacled man

in a formal white jacket, lining up to greet the king.

Han Sen has ruled Cambodia since the time

when Margaret Thatcher and Ronald Reagan were in office.

Now he's handing over to his son, Hun Manet.

In a tearful farewell speech,

Hun Sen said he'd given up his life

to bring peace to the Cambodian people.

He also warned that he wasn't leaving politics yet.

He still keeps several influential positions.

Not far outside Pnom Pen guides still take tourists around Chung Ek.

One of the notorious killing fields,

where in the 1970s

the fanatical Khmer Rouge revolutionaries

executed their victims.

Hun Sen has always claimed his legitimacy

from leading Cambodia from that terrible period

to the peace and prosperity it enjoys today.

Sebastian Strangio has written what is perhaps

the definitive book on Hun Sen's Cambodia.

The system is inherently unstable.

It's not rooted in any institutions.

It relies on keeping powerful people contented.

Hun Sen's political genius, if one could term it such,

was to anticipate sources of opposition from within his own party

and to essentially buy them off.

And this is from the sale and extraction

of Cambodia's natural resources

that have in many cases had a very negative effect

on the Cambodian people.

In a backstreet bar, Watte Ganever runs through one of the songs

that's earned her the moniker Queen of Cambodian Punk.

Her generation, born long after the Khmer Rouge,

cares much more about the stark inequality

and environmental distraction they've witnessed

in the Hun Sen era.

The big problem for me is just the environment.

Right now they destroy more a lot of trees

and more buildings coming up.

Before you have more guiet place, beautiful place,

but right now when we know that this is a beautiful place,

people just come and building something on that place

to make their own money.

One of the beautiful places Watte was talking about

is Bodhamsakur National Park,

with forested mountains tumbling down to a pristine coast.

But these days much of it is a building site.

These are luxury villas going up next to a neo-Venetian casino aimed at Chinese tourists.

Around 80% of the park has already been allocated

to favoured companies for development.

Thousands of people have been evicted.

One of them is Somti.

The Chinese company took over this, grabbed this land.

It brings tears to my eyes to see it like this, Somti told me.

There used to be more than 30 families living here.

Now it's all overgrown.

Cambodia has one of the world's highest rates of deforestation.

Land disputes are an unquenchable source of public anger,

as is the huge gap between the extraordinary wealth acquired

by Hun Sen and his allies and the rest of the country.

It's this toxic legacy that is inexperienced son

will now have to manage.

Jonathan Head in Cambodia, next to France,

und der Regierung ist zusammensichtlich über 200 Millionen Dollar

zu kompensieren den Weingräubern für zerstörende Stöckchen.

Das Motiv ist eine Reaktion zu einer größeren Konzern

über die Überproduktion der französischen Wein,

als die Bedeutung des Habits zu verändern, zu Hause und zu breit.

Hugh Sculphard beruht von Sancère in central France.

Eine der besterwählenden Chancen der Weingräubern in France

hat vorhin eine Advertisement-Kampagne mit dem Slogan

Wir haben nicht nur Wein verkauft. Es war wahr.

Sie haben vorhin gewohnt, einen großen Teil der Flasche zu Beeren.

Es ist das Gleiche in den Supermarkten,

wo, wenn es Räume von verschiedenen Wien,

von allen Häusern und Pfeifen waren,

jetzt die Gräberin ist seriös durch die Gräberin gelangt.

Es ist eine alte Fischung, natürlich.

In France, der Deklinie in der Domestik-Wine-Konsumption

dauert schon decades.

Das Problem ist, dass es nie wieder zurückgeht.

Und heute, junge Generationen,

sind größtendurch geämpft von Kraftbeeren,

die mit all der Aufmerksamkeit, der Tradition und die lokalen Konditionen

und der Wien, die so lange mit Wein geämpft sind.

Hier in Saussaire, Zuhause, zu der wundervolle Flinte,

Sauvignon-Weiss, die letzte Adition der Fischung und Pfeifen-Szene,

ist eine Blu-Ruhe.

Hugh Schofield.

Mehr und mehr von uns lieben Live-Musik,

beide bei großen Stadien-Konsumten und Musikfestivals.

Als die Populärität weltweit zu erhöhen,

haben die Emissions-Szene so.

Jordan Dunbar von der BBC's Climate Question Podcast

hat sich ein Problem beobachten,

und sie hat einige Lösungen gelangt.

Der Weg, um Geld in der Musikindustrie zu machen,

hat geändert.

Jetzt machst du mehr Geld aus Touring und Live-Szene,

sondern aus den Songen.

Also global, die Zahl Festivals und Artist-Tour sind erhöht.

Und das bedeutet, dass die Emissions-Szene erhöht werden.

Ich würde sagen, 75% der Wochenende sind auf der Straße.

Ich habe sehr wenige Wochen zu Hause.

Ben Paul ist ein Afro-Beats-Musikian von Tanzania,

der weiß alles über die Entwicklung in Live-Musik.

Ja, es gibt eine große Chance.

Es gibt so viele Inter-Konsumten-Festivals,

so viele Kenvan-Artists,

die im Stadien-Konsumten-Szene kommen.

Und man sieht auch, dass man so viele Kenyan-Artists sehen kann.

Nicht nur in Nairobi, aber auch in Kisumu,

auch in kleinen Städten.

Es gibt auch Kongo,

auch Mozambik.

Es gibt eine große Chance und eine große Growth,

als vorhin.

Der Tindall-Zentrum für Klimatresearche in der UK

sah, wo die Emissions-Szene kommen.

Prof. Carly McLaughlin.

Der erste wirkliche Prinzip ist die Zahl der Menschen

und wie man sie bewegt.

Wir haben gefunden, dass man 85% Reduktion in Emissionen gibt,

indem man die realen Präferenzen in Europa

statt der fliege Präferenzen geht.

Der zweite ist die Energie-Konsumtion für die Veneuse.

Wie energieeffizient ist das Kit, das man benutzt?

Und wie wird man die Energie verabschieden?

Wie wir Fans der Konzerte verabschieden,

ist eines der größten Kontributen

zur Emissionen des Klimatverlustes.

Die Aviation kann wirklich alles schiessen.

Wenn man einen Gag, der viel internationaler Fans

in die Show verabschiedet hat,

drehen sie wirklich die Emissions-Szene, die die Menschen verabschieden.

Artists verabschieden uns in kleineren Veneuse.

sondern uns verabschieden ihnen,

ist eigentlich besser für das Klimat.

At Musikfestivals,

die Aviation-Szene macht sogar mehr

von den Klimatwärmungen bis zu 80%.

Eine der weltweit größte Band, Coldplay,

hat 6,3 Millionen Fans auf der letzten Tour gespielt.

Aber sie haben gesagt, es sei noch der grösste.

Luke Hull ist der Head of Sustainability für die Band.

Er sagt, sie haben eine Menge Nudges auf einem Smartphone-App

zu verändern Fans-Travel-Hobbits.

Die App wird dir sagen, was die Auswirkungen von deinem Travels sein wird.

Mit der Hoffnung, dass du dir die Wahl verabschiedest,

und nur das Engagement und die Bildung

hat eine Unterschiede zu einigen,

sie werden die low-carbon Modus der Transporte incentivieren,

um es mehr auf die Leute zu machen.

Luke sagt, dass die Lösungen, die sie in den Platz haben,

die 47% von den Missionen verabschiedeten.

Aber das betrifft die Citys,

mit guten öffentlichen Transport-Netzungen,

etwas, das die Hand auf die Pop-Stars ist.

Es gibt noch eine Idee,

eine, die die Entwicklung in live Musik,

eine Möglichkeit,

sondern ein Klimatproblem.

Musiker Ben Paul nutzt seine Plattform,

um die Fans auf Klimaprojekte zu verabschieden.

Sie erinnern den Publikum über die Auswirkungen des Klimaverwaltes.

Die Afrobeat-Star Ben Paul,

und ihr seht das Report von Jordan Dunbar.

Und ihr könnt mehr auf das Klima-Questions-Podcast hören.

Seht für es auf BBC-Sounds.

Wie wir in dem jüngsten Podcast hören,

das größte, was aus dem former US-Präsident Donald Trump

das jüngste Enthalt mit der Law betrifft,

war sein Mugshot.

Das lange, vorhandene Bild war instantly viral.

Nicht least, weil Trump selbst es auf Social Media postete.

Terry Egan hat online die Reaktion zu es gesehen.

Gräuze kühlen, um den Mugshot zu sehen.

Eine Person, die viele Smartphones benutzt,

um nicht zu missen, eine Iota.

Barack Obama und Hillary Clinton

stören intently at it from a war room,

alla at the death of bin Laden.

Just some of the ways Donald Trump's face is being depicted.

Why has it made such an impact?

Well, here's one view from Vanessa Friedman,

fashion editor of the New York Times.

It was clearly a picture that had been considered,

calculated, planned for.

His expression leaps out of the frame.

He's got his head down.

His eyes are kind of glowering out from under his brows.

He's not smiling.

He looks very defiant.

He looks like he wants to headbutt the camera.

One image places Mr. Trump side by side

with Ben Stiller's puckering Charakter

from the film Zoolander, looking campily intense.

Others reference maniacal Characters

out of Stanley Kubrick films.

Malcolm McDowell in a Clockwork Orange,

Jack Nicholson in The Shining,

even Private Pile in full metal jacket,

who goes crazy.

And there's one of the images

as Trump's official White House portrait

in the process of being hung up.

Many actors and celebrities have wound up the same way.

Hugh Grant, O.J. Simpson, Mick Jagger are just some.

But this shot of Mr. Trump's mug

is already ending up on mugs,

as well as T-shirts and bumper stickers.

Merchandise from Mr. Trump himself, as well as others.

And we'll be seeing it for quite a while yet.

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