This is a Global Player Original Podcast.

Back in the big time, the Champions League will return to St James's Park.

Yeah, well done Newcastle United in the Champions League at the elite of European football at the top table. Just two years after the club was taken over by Saudi Arabia, I say that advisedly, it was the Saudi sovereign wealth fund that bought the club and it has transformed Newcastle United Football Club. But this is not an episode about football. It's about money, it's about influence and it's about whether our government under Boris Johnson was straight with the public in his dealings with Saudi Arabia and why he was so keen for the deal to go through. Welcome to the newsagents. The newsagents. It's John. It's Emily. And when Newcastle United was bought by Saudi Arabia, there was something rather spectacular. Watching the scenes of fans descending on St James's Park on a Saturday afternoon in August, September, wearing their black and white striped shirts and wearing kafir scarves wrapped around their heads to celebrate the fact that the Saudis had taken over the club. It was a new dawn for Newcastle United. But now as they celebrate getting into the Champions League, the questions have started to emerge and investigations

that are fascinating about what influence the British government played and maybe was forced to play to get that deal over the line with the Premier League. This is much more than just about football. We're going to take you to an investigation by the Athletic and in particular by one journalist

Adam Crafton who has revealed that the British government and this was at the time Boris Johnson's government considered any failure of Saudi to take over Newcastle United to be an immediate risk to

the United Kingdom's relationship with Saudi. If you cast your mind back, it was always assumed that Boris Johnson was going very carefully with Saudi Arabia because we had had some really egregious human rights abuses. We had had the murder of Jamal Khashoggi, an investigative journalist who was awkward to the Saudi regime being killed in Turkey in an embassy. We had had multiple egregious examples of human rights abuses, gay rights abuses, women's rights abuses in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and it was always assumed that Boris Johnson would be pretty hands off with this deal but the revelations by Adam suggest otherwise. Yeah and just to dwell a little bit longer without being too gruesome or sort of prurient about it, the details of what happened with Jamal Khashoggi were really profound on global public opinion and on geopolitics because he wasn't just killed, he was chopped up into little pieces and taken out in a sort of little bits of bags and buried in the Istanbul countryside and then there was a CIA report, I was in Washington at the time, which pointed the finger very much at MBS, Mohammed bin Salman,

the new crown prince over whom there was so much hope for a kind of more reforming Saudi Arabia to emerge and it led to a period where Saudi Arabia was on the naughty step diplomatically in world politics and people were trying to shun contact with the Saudis because of it but behind the scenes the influence of Saudi had not diminished one little bit.

And Adam went to the foreign office to demand to see some of the correspondence that had taken place and he did it through a Freedom of Information Act and what he discovered was an email in June of 2020 so coming up to three years ago which had a draft note from Eddie Lister, he was the chief strategic advisor to Boris Johnson and it was about impressing the

interests of the government as the Premier League who get a say in this finalize its consideration of the takeover. In other words, just to translate that bluntly, the Premier League have to sign this off and Eddie Lister on behalf of Boris Johnson wanted the Premier League to be in no doubt how important this deal was to the government. Just to put this into a bit of historical context, there have been many occasions in the past when Saudi Arabia have flexed their muscles and the British government have recoiled as a result and I go back to 2007. There was then, under the Blair government, a serious fraud office investigation into this massive multi-billion pound arms deal involving Saudi Arabia and BAE systems and Tony Blair overrode the SFO and said stop the investigation right now, it must go no further. I remember that and I was working on Newsnight on that night and it broke very late in the evening and we were pretty horrified by that decision and I still think it's pretty horrifying to say actually, you know, business has to override all human rights but the difference I think here is he made no bones about the fact he was doing it because the British economy was more important and there will be plenty of people who listen to this and think yeah, you know what, I don't really care about human rights abuses, I want my football

team to do well and I don't mind the Saudis coming in. The difference is that that was not made clear, in fact the opposite, it was deeply hushed up until a freedom of information request was put in to explain what had been said. Well joining us now is Adam Crofton who I think it's fair to say is our favourite investigative sports journalist on the news agents, you will have heard him before particularly over the Qatar World Cup and Adam has been looking at the takeover of Newcastle by this Saudi Arabian consortium and the piece you've written Adam really points to something pretty unsavory with the role that the government, the then government, Boris Johnson's government,

was playing in making it happen. Adam, what have you found out? This has basically all come about for us via freedom of information requests of the British government in relation to emails between the Foreign Office and the Saudi, the British Embassy in Saudi Arabia. This was in 2020 so the Newcastle takeover by the Saudi Public Investment Fund which is essentially the sovereign wealth fund of Saudi Arabia, they have 80% of the club, that was completed in late 2021 but it was a really sort of drawn out process where initially it looked like it wasn't going to happen for all sorts of reasons and these emails appear to show, well I mean they do state these emails between the Foreign Office say that the Newcastle takeover was judged to be the immediate threat, the immediate risk to the relationship between Britain and Saudi Arabia which is a pretty extraordinary thing for a football takeover to be considered at that time and even more so when you consider that one of the big points that the Premier League has always made is that the Saudi state is not controlling Newcastle football club because they say that the Public Investment Fund has given assurances to say that it is separate from the state. That is extraordinary isn't it? So if it didn't matter and Saudi were being hands off and not running the club then why does it matter so much to the British government that it succeeds? Well quite exactly and I think that's the key point of it and you asked why did it matter so much? I think what these emails did show was just how important this was deemed to be to the British economy at the time because if you go back and this might be asking everyone to go a very long way back to 2018 when Theresa May was the Prime Minister. Theresa May and Mohammed bin Salman struck this huge investment package between it was kind

of called the British Saudi Arabian Strategic Council and it was worth around 65 billion in mutual trade and what these emails show which hadn't been shown before was that the Public Investment Fund itself who obviously then became the owners of Newcastle United had pledged 30 billion US dollars worth of direct investment into Britain over the next decade so from 2018 to 2028. Now what we also know is that there were these reports in the Daily Mail around the time where everything was going wrong for Boris Johnson and Dominic Cummings had left where it was said

that Mohammed bin Salman the Crown Prince of Saudi Arabia had been texting Boris Johnson basically

asking basically asking for a little bit of help to get this takeover over the line and saying that there could be economic consequences for Britain if this takeover didn't go through and what these emails now show is that there was 30 billion US dollars on the line so some people would say well maybe the Foreign Office and the government were kind of doing doing the right thing

in some ways in the sense of protecting that investment coming into the country but you have to pit that against the fact both the Premier League and the government and Boris Johnson himself during the parliamentary question and answer session have always denied that the government had enrolled in the takeover. So Adam just talk us through the other parties involved you mentioned the Premier League because this deal also needed their sign off. Yeah and this is where it becomes sort of even more complicated because when people talk about Saudi Arabia people talk about this term

sports washing or they talk about the assassination of Jamal Khashoggi or the treatment of LGBT people

or women in Saudi Arabia that was all absolutely irrelevant to why this takeover wasn't happening. The reason this takeover wasn't happening is because the only regulatory block at the time that the Premier League would be able to impose however distasteful any of what I just said maybe was whether the Saudi government at the time was involved in piracy of the Premier League and this all goes back to the sort of the the gulf tensions between Qatar and Saudi Arabia between kind of 2017 and 2021 when Qatar became the subjects were blockade by its neighbors and Saudi were at the heart of that and the Oataris have this big sports broadcaster called being sport and they had the rights they were the rights holders for the Premier League in the region and all of a sudden this channel sprang up in Saudi Arabia and around the world really and particularly in the gulf called be out cue and it looked a lot like being sport and the Qataris were convinced the Saudis were behind it the World Trade Organization never sort of said strongly that the Saudis were behind it but they certainly said the Saudis weren't doing enough to challenge it and that was what the roadblock was in terms of this takeover being able to happen because you can't take over a Premier League club if you are possibly pirating the content just to sort of jump to the point where the Premier League approved this Saudi led PIF led takeover because they said that they'd received legally binding assurances that the Saudi state would not have control of the club now we know the PIF the public investment fund is chaired by Saudis crown prince right what our listeners will understand now is the tentacles between the state and by the state we mean both the royal family and the politicians and the money and the club now are absolutely interwoven there is no room to

say that's the football part and that's the you know investment part is there not really I mean the difficult thing is the Premier League has never opened up a new castle have never opened up about what these legally binding assurances mean under Premier League regulations that there are no rules to say that a state cannot in effect shadow director football club so actually there's nothing from a regulatory point of view however sort of you can talk forever about the moral debate the ethical debate about it so it of course it requires a little bit of a suspension of what's straight in front of you right you look at the composition of the board of PIF you see the chair you see the Saudi crown prince you see government ministers you see the chair of Saudi Aramco the state-owned oil company Yassir al-Mayan is the chairman of Newcastle United

he was on the pitch last night as the team finished in the Champions League opening up his blazer and

it was like a black and white blazer I mean it's in many ways it's incredible does any of it matter do we care who owns our football club whether it's an american billionaire who comes in and buys Chelsea whether my club is someone who sort of lives off on a yacht somewhere in the Caribbean

whatever does it matter that it's the Saudis who bought it all are we seeing countries taking over football clubs just like the UAE is Manchester City Saudi Arabia is Newcastle United and if the Qatar is a successful Manchester United becomes Qatar it is kind of a matter isn't it for each and every football fan you know I spoke to a Manchester United fan a couple of months ago and this is this is someone who is a pretty smart intelligent guy he's worked around government and he just said to me well to me football is like my escape on a Saturday and all I want is Manchester United to win a game and have the best players and I could not care less about the rest of

it other people will take a completely different view they'll take the view that by having states back a club it kind of creates this competitive imbalance in relation I suppose to this story it all kind of goes back to how straight Boris Johnson was being with people at certain times again in terms of telling parliament at that time that there isn't there was no role for the British government in this but at the same time you know these emails showed draft notes from Sir Eddie Lister who was his chief strategic advisor saying that he needed to have a inverted common senior interlocutor to impress the interests of the government onto the Premier League as they finalised the takeover. Adam what I love about your journalism is that when we heard that Newcastle United had got through to the Champions League last night little did we think we could discuss Boris Johnson's honesty as part of that story and yet we are. We are and I think the other question Adam I suppose is why Saudi for example wants to be involved in an English Premier League

club and presumably it's because there is some political leverage that we can't be saying yes we love Saudi Arabia when it comes to football but we're actually going to take a really strong line with them on other issues on Khashoggi as you were mentioning on arms deals on Yemen I mean isn't that the point that it stops the British government from having the teeth on other questions if they're sewn into the fabric of British cultural life. Yeah I think that's a fair point I think we're also seeing I mean you can see this in the States to a certain extent particularly in the tech industry at the moment the Saudis are sort of slowly but surely being welcomed back in Saudi

funds are becoming more and more I suppose palatable after obviously everyone's kind of went off them

for a couple of years after the Khashoggi incident to put it to put it mildly and I think we have to be careful sometimes around because I think sometimes we look at all these different Gulf states and we just sort of say they're all in it for the same reasons it's all about soft power and or it's all about sports washing and cleansing an image I think there's different things going on so I think you know Qatar for example as I said has been the subject of this blockade by its neighbors

and had been very very concerned that it's not always hard countries speaking up for it when it needed it particularly during that blockade and particularly when Trump was the president of the United States and one of their views is well if if we take over Manchester United and they've already got Paris Sandra Mann then maybe that people will be more inclined to take note if Qatar's in a bit of trouble at the same time I think the Saudi strategy is maybe more double prong to a certain extent because you do have this huge conflict in Saudi Arabia around a real opening up of society and the economy on a kind of sports and entertainment level I would say you know clearly there are plenty of women gay people in Saudi Arabia who would say that is not happening anywhere fast or dynamically enough but in terms of rights and freedoms and also anyone

who criticizes MBS has a very different response that I think there are these kind of you know live music which would have been unheard of 15 years ago in Saudi Arabia you have driving right women driving so that's one aspect of it and then the other aspect of it is Saudi Arabia in the past couple of years became a pariah state for some people and what better way of cleansing that image around Khashoggi than having a part of the country in Newcastle that certainly I think perceives itself to have been neglected for quite a long time by what they would consider to be London-centric British governments to have all this investment going in to be proud of their football team after Mike Ashley had been the owner previously and all of a sudden you have people who are pretty sympathetic and not just sympathetic but kind of cheerleading to a certain extent for the Saudis and it's uncomfortable but you can also understand I suppose the football

fans who just go there on a Saturday all of a sudden after years of being really quite mediocre are going into the Champions League and they're kind of thrilled about it. Absolutely fascinating Adam thank you so much for explaining that because I think it's such a fascinating story to listen to thank you so much. Oh no thank you for having me. Take care, bye.

I guess it's not just Saudi Arabia it's not just Newcastle we know that plenty of Middle Eastern countries are now investing in not just the English Premier League but also in Paris Saint-Germain and further afield as well but if you take Manchester City who's owned by Abu Dhabi you take this bid now for Manchester United as Adam was talking about which could be the Qataris you take Saudi Arabia Newcastle you can't quite work out whether you're talking about football or nation-states at this point and I also think it tells us something very important about the role Saudi wants to play in world diplomacy now yes they want sports washing yes they want to be part of the British cultural heritage English football all the rest of it but if you look at what they're doing closer to home as well they have been the ones that are now trying to lead the pack to get for example Bashar al-Assad of Syria back into the fold I mean

they've been at war with him in the civil war for 10 years they were arming the rebels trying to overthrow him and now suddenly they've decided actually you know we want to be the diplomats we want to be the people bring them around the table Saudi wants I think a much bigger role in global affairs right now not China not India not America but not that far behind look you look at the most egregious moment in American history since Pearl Harbor 9 11 and the involvement of kind of various Saudi nationals in that plot and George W. Bush still felt a need to tread incredibly carefully in so far as Saudi Arabia is concerned that was then and it was the biggest geopolitical issue and it was the biggest threat so Saudi Arabia's power and influence is really extensive and it I mean maybe that goes without saying but even down to a British government seemingly wanting to strong arm the Premier League to say you've got to let you've got to let the Saudis you've got to let them buy Newcastle United you can't stop them that is how far that influence spreads and that is how Saudi Arabia is presenting itself with this soft power as well as hard power to the world guiz question for you oh go which country in the world has the greatest oil reserves you see I was going to say with the the greatest sovereign wealth fund is Norway the greatest oil reserves you're probably going to tell me it's Venezuela I am going to tell you it's Venezuela you're meant to say Saudi but it is in fact Venezuela but I suppose that is not insignificant because if Venezuela is now completely out of the global mix nobody's trading with Venezuela they're not getting the oil at the ground now nobody's able to use that economy to their advantage then there's even more pressure right and we're not talking to Russia there's no gas there what happened as soon as the invasion of Ukraine

again yeah and that is why I've went on two trips to Saudi Arabia once with Obama and once with Trump and you go out of your way to try and be on good terms with them and Lewis will be here in a minute and we'll be talking suella amongst other things speedy sue speedy sue this is the news agents

happened Boris Johnson took himself off to Saudi because suddenly your enemy's enemy is your

welcome back and Lewis is here dog tooth good all yeah dog tooth's coming in later I mean he's wearing a very smart slightly spivvy dog tooth

very smart and spivvy talk about giving with one hand and taking away for the other that was pure mateless yeah that was mateless yeah my ego continues to grow week after week working with you dear I'll tell you what you decide we'll put the clip up you decide anyway I'm all I'm all up to date with football you don't know anything about football that's that's what you wanted to talk to me about

no we don't want to talk to you about football but I've I've learned all about it no we're going to talk to you about suella brotherman oh go give us your one football fact that you'd like to get off your chest my one football fact my one football fact is we've only ever won the world cup under a Labour government in this country that doesn't count I'm going to give you a really

good one Lewis Goodall yeah it was in 2006 the protests outside the Thai parliament as an in Thailand yes we're all done with protesters in blue and white light blue and white why because the then prime minister owned Manchester City or had a connection to Manchester City taxing cinema had a connection very good this is why you want me on the pub quiz it's why I want you on the pub cars yeah well the jury's still out particularly with this suit

mate

anyway we want to talk about suella yeah I mean I don't think she's in the clear no she's not in the clear and there is I think a feeling that

it feels like a death by a thousand cuts with her at the moment the independent have just published a story which again in and of itself is not necessarily the biggest story but it is just another example of perhaps her not being quite as rigorous as she ought to be with the rules in this case that she did not declare a connection of previous employment with the Rwandan government

at some point before she became a minister her special advisers her team saying that she didn't need to because it's a charitable thing rather than an employment thing other people disagree but anyway the point is is that it is just another example of how quite frankly someone is clearly out together I mean the one thing we can see is that there is a series of stories being leaked from either within the home office or within government there is a target on her back hang on hang on this could be murder on the oratory express where it is not just one person who's out to get her it's collective endeavour well I was going to say if you look at the stuff coming out from the Labour Party whether it's the vet cooper or whether it's Angela Rayner saying when are our basic questions going to be answered and you look at what's happening I think inside or around cabinet as well you wonder if they're not all on the same side I mean they all want to see the back of Suella now don't they well yesterday we had on the podcast a former minister who was

kind of expressing the view without ever saying Suella but it was clear that that's who he was talking about about the you know mislead she meant people should exactly people must exactly I spoke last night to someone who's in the cabinet who was saying that as he understands it not only did she approach civil servants when she didn't get the answer she wanted she got her special advisers to approach civil servants that he thought it was a breach of the ministerial code but wasn't convinced that Rishi would force her to walk the plank but the suggestion was that if she did walk the plank he didn't believe that there were that many Suella supporters who would rally to her side and he also said look if you look at the local council election results the idea that the reason we did so badly and lost so many votes to liberal democrats and greens was because we weren't right wing enough is just fanciful nonsense yeah look I think there is quite a lot of kind of fever talk at the moment about the prospects of Braverman walking out and then leading some sort of revolt against you know we shouldn't forget that Braverman got only just north of 30 35 votes when she stood for leadership from MPs right she is not a deeply popular figure amongst MPs yes she's becoming the standard bearer of the right but even within the right of the party

there are those who have you know big question marks about her electability her likability which according to all the polls is sub zero substantially below sub zero and that she is an abrasive character she is a character who doesn't necessarily have an enormous legion of fans within the parliamentary party she has some she has some support but in the main I mean we saw it kind of epitomized by Buckland yesterday most MPs the MPs who still intend to stay in parliament we could talk about that but the MPs who intend to stay in parliament the general feeling is at the moment that Liz Sunak or bust and everything else that goes alongside it people who are you know sounding off sort of making noises about the sort of post-election period are deeply unhelpful I do think it's interesting to watch Rishi Sunak's moves because once again he's worked out a formula for

this whether Zahawi the firing of Nadim Zahawi the firing of Dominic Raab he does it all by the book nobody could ever accuse him of being knee jerk or sort of Johnsonian in his sort of randomness

he gets the report he gets the ethics advisor he makes sure it's quick he'll sit on it a day and then he'll decide what to do and I'm not really sure that as we said yesterday there was anything in the original offence that would ever lead Rishi Sunak to get rid of his home secretary so I think you have to assume that if it does lead to that he has been emboldened by something and I wonder whether he's emboldened not least by the new set of polls that we've seen today which is that he's doing all right actually as a leader as a personality he's doing okay against Kier Starmer they're pretty much neck and neck but the parties are not so is he now realizing as Theresa May did so many years ago he has to detoxify part of the party if he wants a tool to be in the running for the next one one of the interesting indicators when you get polling is the headline figure of what percentage of voters would say they'll vote conservative what percentage say they'll vote Labour what percentage Liberal Democrat but then you've got favourability

ratings of the leaders and favourability is also a very good guide to how people are going to vote on on favourability Rishi Sunak is doing way better than the Conservative Party and polling pretty neck and neck with Kier Starmer yeah although the same point there's this polling out from Ipsos today the one thing that is clear from that is that however good or bad Sunak's polling is and it's definitely better than the Conservative Party is he is probably the best asset that they have nonetheless the number of people who think or the number of the electorate who think it is time for a change eight out of ten now thinking that it's time for a change the Labour Party's polling whilst not being brilliant there are some question marks going through the polling about whether or not they are ready for government but nonetheless the hostility to the Labour Party which was sky high in 2019 has declined substantially and they are receiving that hearing so I think if you put all that together with Starmer with the Tory party ratings through the floor Labour's all right Starmer and Sunak about Nip and Tuck about who would be the best Prime Minister you've got to say you'd prefer to be the Labour Party in that situation because all other things being equal if it's a change election at our 2010 that is only for momentum for the Labour Party and we'll be back in a moment welcome back and we should talk about Dominic Robb who has just announced he's stepping down at the next election he's sitting on a pretty marginal seat of 2730 I think the Lib Dems think that they can take that as an easy scalp but that's not why he's stepping down he's doing it because he's become concerned for his family of course I've never heard that so what I want to spend more time with my family he made it up yeah it's a new one yeah he is I mean Robb of course now is not the only one and this is another sort of indicator about which way the winds are blowing right I think Robb was the 37th or 38th there was another one even last night the MP for Ludlow for Lib Dunne

and what is notable about this is that you're seeing it from all wings of the party look I mean there are always MPs who stand down every election usually you know they've had enough they're sort

of getting to retirement age sometimes if they're a bit younger they think they might have a sort of second bite of another career but the numbers of the Conservatives at this stage deciding to

stand down the fact that it is from all wings of the party from left to right and from all intakes as well I mean normally you would expect yeah people who maybe were first elected in 2001 2005 they've done 20 years between standing down but we're seeing people who were elected in 2019

decide to stand down and we're at the point now where the Labour Party has now selected the bulk of their candidates for the next election Conservative party are nowhere near that so they're going to really struggle to try and find credible candidates if they people think it's going to be a washout they are not going to want to spend the next day 12 months to 18 months pounding the pavements

for in a seat like Esha for example Dominic Robsi when you just think what on earth is the point the Lib Dems are going to take this with a 5000 majority or even more the other thing to add into the mix as well which is crystallising some MPs minds is the boundary review so the boundary review we're finally having a change in the boundaries and lots of this means you know this is done by the electoral commission to account for population shifts and constituencies they've abolished some constituencies they've combined others basically MPs find their constituency potentially disappear from under their feet and that means that sometimes they have to apply for whole new seats and go up against their parliamentary colleagues the party will normally try and accommodate that but if you combine the fact that Tories are still not really looking at the recovery the boundary commission as well and the general kind of pace of politics at the moment you pull all that together and you see scores of Conservative MPs stand down before the next election I think there's something else as well is which is that they don't know what direction the Conservative party will go in after this so if they're in opposition they don't know whether it's a sort of rishy centre-right party or if it is and I know we've talked about as well and not having the numbers but if it does kind of veer off to something which looks more like a UKIP party or you've got now the national Conservatives now you've got the grassroots Conservatives now you've got the new Conservatives you're kind of stuck there right as an MP thinking well do I just kind of keep my head down and do my constituency surgeries and all the rest of it not really knowing the shape or the form

or the feel that this party would have in opposition after 14 years well she might I mean she might not

have the numbers now but you could absolutely see a situation if the next election is a wipe out for the Tory party what tends to happen then if say if the Conservative party is reduced to you know 200 seats or fewer than that what tends to happen is the MPs with the safest seats by definition remain they tend to be not always but they tend to be the most ideologically extreme we saw this with a Conservative party after 1997 you can absolutely see a credible path to someone like Braverman getting into the final two of a Conservative party leadership race in an election in a parliamentary Conservative party which has been reduced to a rump it becomes much easier for them

to do so and if you look at the sort of it does come from all wings of the party but if you look at some of the MPs who are standing down people like Sajid Javed you know these people who are in the more sort of moderate wing of the party the question then has to become who becomes a standard

bearer for that wing of the party after that election and you know it really isn't clear to see so I

think you know Braverman short-term political prospects quite poor I would say medium to long term prospects potentially quite good it's interesting isn't it that on the podcast in the past week we've

had Matt Hancock on Robert Buckland on both making very similar arguments saying why is no one standing

up for the centre right in Conservative politics why is all the running being made by the noisier right-wing fringe which is probably better organised and has probably got funding and is making a lot of the running in this which I think is probably even more disconcerting for the people you're talking about who have decided you know what I've had fun here on the green leather benches but there's a life outside Westminster well I think what's extraordinary really is you can see someone like Sajid Javed or Rob the acceleration of entire political careers which has taken place now or the fact that there is now condensed into so many fewer years you know years gone by you would see cabinet ministers and MPs you know they'd stay in the house for decades and their career would take you know they'd spend years just working up to be a junior shadow or junior minister and then eventually get into the cabinet and it was a sort of culmination sometimes for decades long journey now it can happen in almost no time whatsoever it can

go from genesis to triumph to downfall in a matter of months or years and so then you're seeing people like that just think there's no way back or at least there's no way back that I want to see and in a way just sort of illustrating that Sky News calculated this but they said that the first or dozen or so conservatives to quit their average age was 49 and you compare that to labour that's 69 so that's just a sort of a little indicator of where the political winds are blowing and the fact that so many conservative MPs are thinking look we've had our run this has been 13 14 years we're looking at least five years in the opposition everyone knows being in opposition is no fun it's awful and all you have is doing the hard yards of potentially getting to the next election and who knows where we'll be right then so they're just thinking you know if you're in your late 40s or in your 50s late 50s you can still have a sort of second win in a career and so that's what that's the calculation so many of them are making we will be back tomorrow with mateless me and Spivey

Goodall Spivey Goodall honestly can I just say you're wearing that you're as Emily has already pointed out your socks are the same as my suit so if I'm Spivey what are you I think socks are allowed to be Spivey suits less so bye bye this has been a global player original podcast and a Persephoneka production